

# **DENTAL SIMULATION**

**MODEL: JG-A11**

**INSTRUCTION MANUL**

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## **ATTENTION:**

**PLEASE KINDLY READ THIS MANUAL CAREFULLY BEFORE  
OPERATION.**

### **● Product introduction**

Thank you for purchasing our DENTAL SIMULATOR, Model JG-A11. It is practice equipment, which used for dental school, universities and oral medicine specialized student before clinical practice teaching simulation. It has such advantages as solid structure, handsome shape, easy operation and high reliability as an ideal upgraded products for the modern dental clinics. During this simulation environment, the students can know and control clinical operation technology of oral courses as early as possible, also help them to get familiar with clinical teaching environment. It can make the professional theory teaching, experiment teaching and clinical teaching effectively combined well. This also benefit to the students to improve their professional learning enthusiasm and interest, strengthen their theoretical knowledge, cultivate the students' oral medicine clinical thinking ability, improve their operation skills.

Simulation teaching system mainly includes: Electric part, Moveable simulation treatment machine, Simulated simple head model, High(Low)-Speed handpiece, 3-way Syringe, Air suction, Foot control, LED lamp, Dentist stool.

● Overall structure



**Standard Component:**

ITEM	QTY	ITEM	QTY	ITEM	QTY
Middle arm	1pc	Movable frame with cover	1pc	High speed handpiece	1pc
Head cover	1pc	Arm	1pc	3-way syringe	2pcs
Dental typodont	1pc	LED lamp	1pc	Torso	1pc
Ball joint	1pc	Weak suction	1pc	Water bottle(600ml)	2pcs
Mask	1pc	Low speed handpiece	1pc	Foot control	1pc

## ● Technical data

- (1) Power supply: AC 220V±10%, 50Hz
- (2) Input power: 120W
- (3) Blown fuse specifications: FR1-20,  $\phi 5 \times 20$ , currency 6.0A
- (4) Motor: DC24V, 65VA
- (5) Standard Stroke: 110mm/ Max.Thrust: 4000N
- (6) Handpiece Data: (Inlet air pressure: 250KPA)

### A. High-speed Handpiece:

Air Pressure: 0.20Mpa-0.30Mpa  
Rotation : 350,000-400,000rpm  
Bur applicable:  $\phi 1.595$ -1.600mm  
Noise:  $\leq 70$ dB

### B. Low-speed Handpiece:

Air Pressure: 0.3Mpa-0.35Mpa  
Rotation : 20,000-30,000rpm/min  
Bur applicable:  $\phi 2.335$ -2.355mm  
Noise:  $\leq 70$ dB

## ● Working environment

- A: An ambient temperature range of  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$
- B: A relative humidity range is not more than 80%
- C: An atmospheric pressure range of 86kPa to 106kPa.

## ● Transport and storage condition

- A: An ambient temperature range of  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- B: A relative humidity is not more than 80%.
- C: An atmospheric pressure range of 70kPa to 116kPa.
- D: Non-corrosiveness gas inside.

## ● Installation procedures

### 1. Unpacked check

Unpack the packing carton and check if the equipment is sound without any damage.

Check if the accessories and spare parts are complete and sound according to the packing list. For any question, please do not hesitate to contact the manufacturer.

## 2. Manual Dental Simulator Installation

The dental simulator should be installed on even and solid ground and keep the ambient clean, dry, ventilated and cool. Keep away the sunshine.

## 3. Connection of air compressor

Connect the transparent tube in front of the machine with the air compressor.

Before the connection of pipes, discharge the water and air inside the equipment first, then remove dirt and impurity inside the pipes to prolong the service life of this equipment.

Remove dirt and impurity inside the pipes and prolong the service life of this equipment first, then remove dirt and impurity inside the pipes to prolong the service life of this equipment.

## 4. Connection of LED lamp

A. Connector 1, connect the LED oral lamp (figure 3, figure 4, figure 5). Connector 2, insert the wire through the middle arm, connect it with the wire in the workbench.( figure 5)

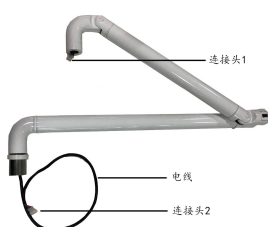


Figure 2



Figure 3

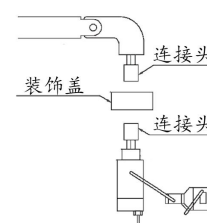


Figure 4

B. Put the black wire through the straight arm. (figure 3)

C. Connect the "Connector 2" (figure 3) with the connector on the movable machine. Like

figure 6 shows. ((Note: don't damage the wire.))



Figure 5

## 5. Assemble the simulation head model

A. Put the metallic part into the cheek, from the up side down. See Figure 6, 7, 8 show.



Figure 6



Figure 7

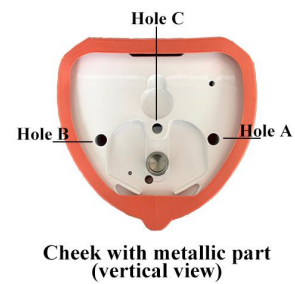


Figure 8

B. Match the "Hole B" "Hole A" (figure 4) corresponding to "Metallic part B" "Metallic part A"(figure 9), and "Screw 1" to the "Hole C"(figure 9, 10). Twist the black "Handle" clockwise, then fix. (figure 10)

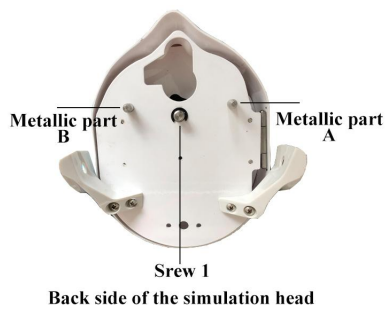


Figure 9

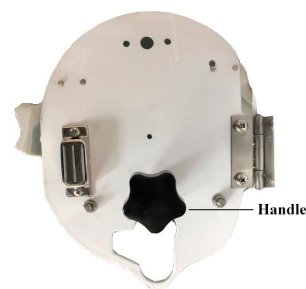


Figure 10

C. Fix the simulation head and simulation body with screw. (Check the circles in figure 11, 12)



Figure 11



Figure 12

D. Adjust the simulation head. Twist the handle to FRONT, then you can adjust the direction, twist the handle to the BACK (figure 13), settle the simulation head. It's multi-direction.(figure 14)



Figure 13



Figure 14

## ● Commissioning and operation

### 1. Instrument console

A. “▼” down key

The machine goes downwards through slight pressing of the key “Down” by your hand, and stops after hand-releasing;

B. “▲” up key

The machine goes upwards through slight pushing of the key “Up” by your hand, and stops after hand-releasing;

C. “◀” forward key

The simulation body goes upwards through slight pushing of the key “Up” by your hand, and stops after hand-releasing;

D. “▶” backward key



The simulation body goes backwards through slight pushing of the key "Up" by your hand, and stops after hand-releasing;

E. "LP" Return key

The machine will be turn back to the pre-setting position on the reset condition.

F. "RESET" Reset key

The machine will downward to the lowest, and the simulation body will upward to the highest

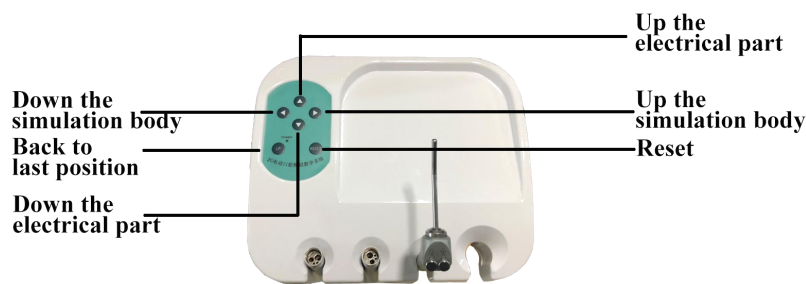


Figure 16

## 2. Foot control

A. Control key for washing tray.

B. Control key for water, step on it, the water will come out and the handpiece and three-way syringe can use.

C. Control key for air, step on it, the air will come out and the handpiece and three-way syringe can use.

D. Control key for up/down/forward/backward/, the same function as "▲▼◀▶" on instrument console.



Figure 17

## 3. Saliva ejector

A. Take out the saliva ejector from the holder, it will work.

#### **4. Water storage bottle**

A. Clean water storage bottle, the clean water use for handpiece and syringe comes from here.

B. Dirty water storage bottle, the dirty water from the suction will be stored up here.

#### **5. Power supply connection**

The machine is equipped with the single-phase three-pinned socket in advance. Without the connector, the user cannot switch it on until the electrical outlet is connected to the ground wire.

#### **6. High/ Low speed handpiece**

Connect water, air and power supply. Open the general air switch on the side of the movable simulation treatment machine, and check the pressure gauge after open the plastic door . (figure 18) The value should be 0.5~0.6 MPa (factory setting). Adjust the filter relief valve if it is required to maintain the said value. Open the plastic door, pull the handle on the top of the filter relief valve up for about 10mm as shown in (figure 18), turn the handle clockwise to increase the pressure and anticlockwise to decrease the pressure.

Take the handpiece from the holder, step the pedal switch for operation. Be noted that the pressure indicated on the pressure gauge of the instrument disc is the operating pressure of the handpiece, which should be no more than the rated maximum pressure of the handpiece to protect the handpiece against damage (High speed: 2.0-4.0bar, Low speed: 3.5-4.0bar), see the figure 16. Adjust the operating pressure of handpiece if it is required by regulating the main control valve under the instrument disc. Turn the handle clockwise to increase the pressure and anticlockwise to decrease the pressure. Adjust carefully and slowly.



Figure 18

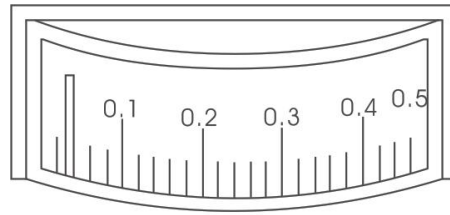


Figure 19

### 7. Three-way syringe

The left button is for water and the right one is for gas.

See figure 20.

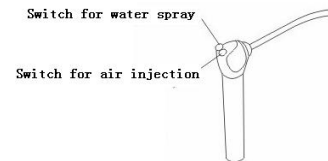


Figure 20

### 8. Air suction and saliva ejector

Saliva aspirator is provided with this equipment. Take the saliva ejector from the holder to start operation immediately. Water connection is required for low aspiration to guarantee minimum operating pressure required.

### 9. Clean water storage bottle

Water for handpiece is directly from the water bottle, therefore the bottle shall be supplied with medical distilled water on time, with water filling described as below: Turn off the air switch beside the water bottle firstly. After all the compressed air in the bottle discharged, hold the water bottle securely and turn clockwise to take it off. Then fill water in it, turn it on counter-clockwise, until it fixed on the bottle cup tightly (Air tightness must be regarded). Finally turn on the air switch.

### 10. Dirty water storage bottle

The waste water comes out from the simulation mouth through the saliva aspirator, will go into the waste water storage bottle. (On the left side of the machine without blue tube in it.) Hold the water bottle with both hands, rotate clockwise to take off the water bottle, pour out the waste water and rotate anticlockwise to tighten the bottle

(sealed).

## ● Maintenance

- (1) After adjust the simulation head, ensure it is locked before it is used.
- (2) Regularly cleanse the water filter.
- (3) Power supply is 220VAC
- (4) Cut the power supply before repair the wearable component and cleanse, maintain the treatment machine.
- (5) Should close the lamp, when it is not used.
- (6) To ensure the neat and tidy of the treatment machine, cleanse the surface of the machine and chair with hospital use alcohol regularly is suggested.

## ● Note

- (1) The power cord should be configured as standard and the ground wire should be firmly connected.
- (2) When replacing electronic components, the power must be turned off.
- (3) Before the maintenance and cleaning of the equipment, the power must be turned off.

## ● Others

### 1. Transport and storage environment:

- (1) Ambient temperature: -40 ~ + 70 °C;
- (2) Relative humidity: 20% ~ 90%, including condensation;
- (3) Pressure: 86 ~ 106 kPa.
- (4) The rain must be prevented during transportation and gently handled to avoid

vibration.

(5) Treatment of waste water and other materials must comply with local environmental protection regulations.

(6) Packaging units should be stored in places where the relative humidity does not exceed 80%, where there is no corrosive gas and air circulation.

(7) The maintenance of the equipment must be performed by professional technicians designated by our company. If the user disassembles and repairs the device by himself, the device may be damaged, and if this happens, our maintenance service will no longer be available.